

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 23-Nov-2009 Revision Date 13-Oct-2023 Revision Number 11

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

 Cat No.:
 444360000; 444360250

 Synonyms
 Naphtha (petroleum)

 Index No
 649-328-00-1

 CAS No
 64742-49-0

 EC No
 265-151-9

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

**Process categories** PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

**Environmental release category** ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

**E-mail address** begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

#### Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

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#### **Health hazards**

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

**Danger** 

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

## **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EEC No. 265-151-9	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

#### Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

				Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) (EUH066)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	203-806-2	2	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Cyclohexane	-	1	-

#### Note

**UVCB** Hydrocarbons

C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Reach Registration Number 01-2119473851-33

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call

a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim

lean forward.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration). If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to Physician** Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

ACR44436

#### Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

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#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Extremely flammable.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3

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Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Cyclohexane	STEL: 300 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8hr)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 700 mg/m³ (8hr)	TWA: 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 600 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		STEL: 2100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

## **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Cyclohexane 110-82-7 ( 2 )				DNEL = 2016mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-49-0 ( >95 )	DNEL = 1066.67mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 1286.4mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 837.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Cyclohexane 110-82-7 ( 2 )	DNEL = 1400mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 1400mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 700mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 700mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Γ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
L			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Cyclohexane	PNEC = 0.207mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.207mg/L	PNEC = 3.24mg/L	PNEC = 3.38mg/kg
	110-82-7 ( 2 )		16.68mg/kg			soil dw
			sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Cyclohexane	PNEC = 0.207mg/L	PNEC =			

#### Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

110-82-7 ( 2 ) 16.68mg/kg sediment dw

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
١	Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
		recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range -30 °C / -22 °F
Softening Point No data available

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Boiling Point/Range 100 - 140 °C / 212 - 284 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 0.7 vol%

Upper 7 vol%

Flash Point -20 °C / -4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

PH

Viscosity

220 - °C / 428 - °F

No data available

No information available

0.76 cSt @ 25°C

Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowCyclohexane3.44

Vapor Pressure 27 mbar @ 20 °C

**Density / Specific Gravity** 0.725

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

**Evaporation Rate** > 1

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Product Information** 

(a) acute toxicity;

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Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 3160 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 73680 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Cyclohexane	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 > 32880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 4 h

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated	Carc Cat. 1B			
light				

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Target Organs** None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic

to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	LC50: = 8.41 mg/L, 96h semi-static, closed (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
Cyclohexane	LC50: 48.87 - 68.76 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 24.99 - 44.69 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 23.03 - 42.07 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 3.96 - 5.18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 0.9 mg/l/48h	EC50 >500 mg/L/72h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Cyclohexane	EC50 = 85.5 mg/L 5 min	1
	EC50 = 93 mg/L 10 min	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Insoluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

	,
Component	Degradability
Cyclohexane	77% (28d)
110-82-7 (2)	

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Cvclohexane	3.44	83.15

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and floats on water The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not

empty into drains.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN3295

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN3295

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN3295

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>14.5. Environmental hazards</u> Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

## Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	265-151-9	-	-	Х	Х	KE-25623	-	-
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	203-806-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-18562	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High
				Concern (SVHC)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	-	Use restricted. See entry 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 29. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction	-
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	-	details)  Use restricted. See entry 57. (see link for restriction details)  Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Not applicable	Not applicable
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

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Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification** See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Naphtha, petroleum,	WGK2	
hydrotreated light		
Cyclohexane	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Naphtha, petroleum,	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84
hydrotreated light	
Cyclohexane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Cyclohexane 110-82-7 ( 2 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

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RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Shine

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

Dangerous Goods Code

OFCD Organisation for Economic Connectation and Development

Ships
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date23-Nov-2009Revision Date13-Oct-2023Revision SummaryNot applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**