

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Jun-2009

Revision Date 13-Oct-2023

Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

| Product Description: | Acetonitrile |
|--|--|
| Cat No. : | BP1170-4; BP1170-450 |
| Synonyms | AN; Methyl cyanide; Ethanenitrile |
| Index No | 608-001-00-3 |
| CAS No | 75-05-8 |
| EC No | 200-835-2 |
| Molecular Formula | C2 H3 N |
| REACH registration number | 01-2119471307-38-0052 |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the s | substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Recommended Use | Laboratory chemicals. See Annex for full list. |
| Sector of use | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites |
| | SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals |
| | SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) |
| Product category | PC21 - Laboratory chemicals |
| Process categories | see SECTION 16 for a complete list of uses for which an exposure scenario is provided as an annex |
| Environmental release category | ERC1 - Manufacture of substances |
| | ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures) |
| | ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles |
| | ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) |
| | ERC6b - Industrial use of reactive processing aids |
| | ERC7 - Industrial use of substances in closed systems |
| | ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems |
| Uses advised against | SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers) |
| | REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15 |

| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the sat | fety data sheet |
|--|---|
| Company | UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom |
| | EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium |
| E-mail address | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number | CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 |

ACRBP1170

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887 For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225) Health hazards Acute oral toxicity Category 4 (H302) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 4 (H312) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 4 (H332) Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |
|--------------|---------|-----------|----------|---|
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | 200-835-2 | >95 | Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) |

| Component | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation) | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Acetonitrile | ATE = 617 mg/kg | - | - | | |
| | | | | | |
| REACH registration | number | 01-211947130 | 7-38-0052 | | |

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| General Advice | Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Self-Protection of the First Aider | Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and | effects, both acute and delaved |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Acetonitrile

Treat symptomatically. The effects may be delayed therefore medical observation is essential. Effects may be delayed 7 to 10 hours. May be metabolized to cyanide which in turn acts by inhibiting cytochrome oxidase impairing cellular respiration.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | STEL: 60 ppm 15 min | TWA: 40 ppm (8hr) | TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr. |
| | STEL: 102 mg/m ³ 15 min | TWA: 70 mg/m ³ (8hr) | TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 hr. |
| | TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr | Skin | STEL: 120 ppm 15 min |
| | TWA: 68 mg/m ³ 8 hr | | STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15 min |
| | - | | Skin |

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Dermal) | Acute effects systemic (Dermal) | Chronic effects local (Dermal) | Chronic effects systemic (Dermal) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile 75-05-8 (>95) | | | | DNEL = 32.2mg/kg bw/day |

| Component | Acute effects local (Inhalation) | Acute effects systemic (Inhalation) | Chronic effects local (Inhalation) | Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | DNEL = 40.6 ppm | DNEL = 40.6 ppm | DNEL = 40.6 ppm | DNEL = 40.6 ppm |
| 75-05-8 (>95) | (68 mg/m³) | (68 mg/m ³) | (68 mg/m ³) | (68 mg/m ³) |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Acetonitrile

See values below.

| Component | Fresh water | Fresh water sediment | | Microorganisms in sewage treatment | Soil (Agriculture) |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Acetonitrile | PNEC = 10mg/L | PNEC = 7.53mg/kg | PNEC = 10mg/L | PNEC = 32mg/L | PNEC = 2.41mg/kg |
| 75-05-8 (>95) | | sediment dw | | | soil dw |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----|
| Acetonitrile 75-05-8 (>95) | PNEC = 1mg/L | | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

| Eye Protection | Goggles (European standard - EN 166) |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
|----------------|--------------------------------------|

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material Butyl rubber | Breakthrough time > 480 minutes | Glove thickness 0.35 mm | EU standard EN 374 Level 6 | Glove comments As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Neoprene gloves | < 60 minutes | 0.45 mm | Levero | Resistance to remeation by chemicals |
| Skin and body prote | ction Wear ap | propriate protective | loves and clothing | g to prevent skin exposure. |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
|----------------------------|--|
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 |

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical State | Liquid | |
|---|---|---|
| Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) | Colorless aromatic 170 ppm -46 °C / -50.8 °F No data available 81 - 82 °C / 177.8 - 179.6 °F Highly flammable Not applicable | @ 760 mmHg On basis of test data Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | Lower 3 vol % | |
| Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate Component Acetonitrile Vapor Pressure | log Pow -0.34 97 mbar @ 20 °C | Method - No information available |
| Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics | 0.781 Not applicable 1.42 Not applicable (liquid) | Liquid (Air = 1.0) |

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties Evaporation Rate C2 H3 N 41.05 Not explosive Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air Not oxidising 5.79 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| 10.1. Reactivity | None known, based on information available |
|---|--|
| 10.2. Chemical stability | Stable under normal conditions. |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reaction | ions |
| Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. No information available. |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid | Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moisture. |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Reducing Agent. Bases. |

 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

 Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO).

 Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

| Product Information | |
|---------------------|------------|
| (a) acute toxicity; | |
| Oral | Category 4 |
| Dermal | Category 4 |
| Inhalation | Category 4 |

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| Acetonitrile | 450-787 mg/kg (Rat) 2460 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l) (Mouse) 4h LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l) (Rat) 4h |

| Component | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation) |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | ATE = 617 mg/kg | - | - |
| | | | * |

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
|---|--|
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| (f) carcinogenicity; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| | There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product |
| | |
| (g) reproductive toxicity; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Target Organs | None known. |
| (j) aspiration hazard; | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. |

Acetonitrile

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

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Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|--------------|--|------------|------------------|
| Acetonitrile | LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) | | |

| Component | Microtox | M-Factor |
|--------------|--|----------|
| Acetonitrile | EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | -0.34 | No data available |

| <u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> | The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air |
|---|--|
| <u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment | Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). |
| <u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors |
| <u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Waste from Residues/Unused Products | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
|--|--|
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. |
| European Waste Catalogue (EWC) | According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. |
| Other Information | Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. |

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

Acetonitrile

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> | UN1648 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | ACETONITRILE |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |
| | |

<u>ADR</u>

| 14.1. UN number | UN1648 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | ACETONITRILE |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |
| 14.4. Packing group | II |

<u>IATA</u>

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN1648 ACETONITRILE 3 II |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | No hazards identified |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | No special precautions required. |
| 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Not applicable, packaged goods |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| Component | CAS No | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | IECSC | TCSI | KECL | ENCS | ISHL |
|--------------|---------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|------|----------|------|------|
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | 200-835-2 | - | - | Х | Х | KE-00067 | Х | Х |

Acetonitrile

| Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
|--------------|---------|------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | Х | ACTIVE | Х | - | Х | Х | Х |

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|--------------|---------|---|--|---|
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | - | Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) | - |

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - |
|--------------|---------|--|---|
| | | Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident | Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report |
| | | Notification | Requirements |
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | WGK2 | |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|--------------|--|
| Acetonitrile | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84 |

Acetonitrile

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H332 Harmful if inhaled

Legend

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

| CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service | TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory |
|---|---|
| EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances | I DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level | TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) |

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

> ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

| Creation Date | 16-Jun-2009 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Revision Date | 13-Oct-2023 |
| Revision Summary | Not applicable. |

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Acetonitrile - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-05-8 | 01-2119471307-38-xxxx | 203-726-8 |

| | Exposure | Scenarios Overv | view | |
|---|---|------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Title | Sector of use | Process category(ies) | Environmental release category | ES Identifier |
| Manufacture of acetonitrile | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | 1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9 | ERC1 - Manufacture of substances | ES1-M1 ACETONITRILE |
| Industrial use of acetonitrile | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | 1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9 | ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b - Industrial use of reactive processing aids ERC7 - Industrial use of substances in closed systems | ES2-M2 ACETONITRILE |
| Pharmaceutical, fine chemical and active substance manufacture uses of acetonitrile | SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | 1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15 | ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) | ES3-M3 ACETONITRILE |
| Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging | SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) | 3, 5, 9 | ERC2 - Formulation of preparations | ES4-F1 ACETONITRILE |
| Laboratory use | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | 3, 15 | ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems | ES5-L1 ACETONITRILE |

Exposure scenario

ES1 Manufacture of Acetonitrile

- ES1-M1 ACETONITRILE

| Section 1 - Identification of the use | | |
|--|---|--|
| Main user group | Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | |
| Type Processes, tasks, activities covered | Worker Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including | |

| | drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities |
|-----------------------|---|
| Sector(s) of use | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals |
| Process category(ies) | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

| Product characteristics | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid |
| pH | No information available |
| Water Solubility | Miscible |
| Vapor Pressure | 97 mbar @ 20 °C |
| Volatility | High |
| Covers concentrations up to 100 % | - |

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Specific Environmental Release Category

ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable Annual amount used in the EU 8500 t/a Annual amount per site 1000 t/a (Worst case)

| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | |
|---|-----------|
| Emission days | 300 |
| Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) | 2000 m3/d |

Other operational conditions of useaffecting environmental exposureEmission days300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)Release fraction to wastewater from
process (initial release prior to RMM)1% (Specified by ESVOC 1.1.v1)Release fraction to air from process (after
typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU
Solvent Emissions Directive requirements)0.5% (Specified by ESVOC 1.1.v1)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system. Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal STP will not occur.

Remarks

| Air | 142 kg/day Based on ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1 release factors |
|-------|--|
| Water | 283 kg/d Based on ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1 release factors |
| Soil | 0.01% ERC release factor |
| | |

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

| Disposal | Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste |
|-------------------------|---|
| Waste treatment methods | Municipal waste incineration |

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Amounts used Exposure duration Use frequency Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure 100% >1000 t/y Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h 220 days per year Outdoor <=40°C Handle substance within a closed system Use of closed transfers of liquids from storage to production equipment (e.g. metered piped or pumped additions) Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure Undertake operation under enclosed conditions |
|--|--|
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) | PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure |
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Exposure duration | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection |
| personal protection, hygiene and | according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant |
| health evaluation | gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are |
| the REACH Chemical Safety Report | well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) | PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) |
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Exposure duration | < 1 hour(s) |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear |
| personal protection, hygiene and | chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |

| health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
|--|--|
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to | PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100% |
| Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) | PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities |
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Exposure duration | < 1 hour(s) |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent | <=40°C Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour |
| /limit releases, dispersion and exposure | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes |
| personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20) Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | idAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
| Process category(ies) | PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to |
| Covers concentrations up to | vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities 100% |
| Exposure duration | Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to | <=40°C Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear |
| personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
| | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor use |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour) | 1-3 |
| Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and | Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation |
| exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| health evaluation | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% |
| | |

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Specific Environmental Release Category - ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water Fresh water sediment Water Intermittent Microorganisms in sewage treatment | 10 mg/l 45 mg/kg dw 10 mg/l 32 mg/l | Marine water Marine water sediment Soil (Agriculture) | 1 mg/l 4.5 mg/kg dw 2.41 mg/kg dw |
|--|--|---|---|
| Environment | | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| Freshwater | | 2.22 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Marine water | | 2.06 x 10 ⁻⁵ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Freshwater sediment | | 8.5 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Marine sediment | | 8.02 x 10⁻⁵ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Soil | | 4.62 x 10 ⁻⁶ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Air | | 2.27 x 10 ⁻⁶ mg/m ³ | |
| Calculation method - EUSES | 2.1 | U U | |

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure Oral | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effect (local) | s Chronic effects (systemic) |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Dermal Inhalation | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 32.2 mg/kg bw/day 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) |
| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted | exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| PROC1 - Use in closed process, no | Worker - inhalative | 0.012 mg/m ³ | | <0.01 |
| likelihood of exposure | Worker - dermal | 0.343 m | ng/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous proces | s Worker - inhalative | 12.0 mg/m ³ | | 0.179 |
| with occasional controlled exposure | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | | 0.043 |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process | Worker - inhalative | 29. | 9 mg/m³ | 0.447 |
| (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - dermal | 0.343 mg/kg bw/day | | 0.011 |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure | Worker - inhalative | 24.0 mg/m ³ | | 0.357 |
| arises | Worker - dermal | 6.86 mg/kg bw/day | | 0.214 |
| PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 60. | 0 mg/m³ | 0.894 |
| facilities | Worker - dermal | 12.0 m | g/kg bw/day | 0.429 |

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| PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 60.0 mg/m ³ | 0.894 |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| | Worker - dermal | 6.86 mg/kg bw/day | 0.214 |
| PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated | Worker - inhalative | 0.855 mg/m ³ | 0.013 |
| filling line, including weighing) | Worker - dermal | 6.86 mg/kg bw/day | 0.021 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Acetonitrile - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-05-8 | 01-2119471307-38-xxxx | 203-726-8 |
| 10 00 0 | | |

Exposure scenario

ES2 Industrial use of Acetonitrile - ES2-M2 ACETONITRILE

| Section 1 - Identification of the use | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Main user group | Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | | |
| Type Processes, tasks, activities covered | Worker Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities | | |
| Sector(s) of use | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) | | |
| Environmental release category(ies) | ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b - Industrial use of reactive processing aids | | |

| ERC7 | Industrial u | use of substa | ances in | closed systems |
|------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|
|------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|

| Section 2 - Op | erational Conditions and Risk Management Measures |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Product characteristics | |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| рН | No information available |
| Water Solubility | Miscible |
| Vapor Pressure | 97 mbar @ 20 °C |
| Volatility | High |
| Covers concentrations up to 100 % | |
| • | |

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b - Industrial use of reactive processing aids ERC7 - Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Specific Environmental Release Category ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable Regional use tonnage 1000 t/a Annual site tonnage 1000 t/a Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 1% Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 1%

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

| Emission days Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) | 100 ERC6a = 5% ERC6b = 0.1% ERC7 = 5% |
|---|--|
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) | ERC6a = 2% ERC6b = 5% ERC7 = 5% |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) | ERC6a = 0.1% ERC6b = 0.025% ERC7 = 5% |
| Remarks | ERC defaults |
| | |
| Conditions and measures related to Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow | municipal sewage treatment plant 2000m3/d |
| Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant | |
| Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow | 2000m3/d |
| Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow Sludge treatment | 2000m3/d Controlled application to agricultural soil. ERC6a = 500 kg/day ERC6b = 10 kg/day ERC7 = 500 kg/day |
| Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow Sludge treatment Waste management | 2000m3/d Controlled application to agricultural soil. ERC6a = 500 kg/day ERC6b = 10 kg/day |

ERC6D = 0.025% ERC7 = 5% ERC release factor

Regional exposure levels and environmental concentrations

Regional exposure for the use has been modelled using EUSES 2.1. No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment.

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Used in manufacturing processes which are either closed, continuous processes, or closed batch processes and in batch synthesis where some opportunity for exposure may arise. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) usually required for indoor industrial use. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Amounts used Exposure duration Use frequency Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Conditions and measures related to | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure 100% >1000 t/y Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h 220 days per year Outdoor <=40°C Handle substance within a closed system Use of closed transfers of liquids from storage to production equipment (e.g. metered piped or pumped additions) Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure Undertake operation under enclosed conditions S Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes |
|--|--|
| personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure 100% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | <=40°C Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) 100% < 1 hour(s) Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | <=40°C Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100% Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | <=40°C Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to | PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities 100% < 1 hour(s) Outdoor <=40°C |

ES2 Industrial use of Acetonitrile

| Organisational measures to prevent | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour |
|---|---|
| /limit releases, dispersion and | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors |
| | Line and particular second and to ENLAGO, decimend to protect and institution in the |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20) |
| personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity |
| | training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon | ndAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
| the REACH Chemical Safety Report | 3 |
| | |
| | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to |
| Covera concentrationa un ta | vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities |
| Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration | 100% Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear |
| personal protection, hygiene and | chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| health evaluation | |
| | ndAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
| the REACH Chemical Safety Report | |
| | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, |
| | including weighing) |
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Exposure duration | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Indoor use |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Minimum room ventilation rate for | 1-3 |
| handling/application (air changes per | |
| hour) | Fill containers/cone at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation |
| Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and | Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation |
| exposure | |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear |
| personal protection, hygiene and | chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| health evaluation | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% |
| | |
| | |
| Control of consumer exposure | Not intended for consumer use |
| control of consumer exposure | |

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies) ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b - Industrial use of reactive processing aids

ERC7 - Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Specific Environmental Release Category - ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water Fresh water sediment Water Intermittent Microorganisms in sewage treatment | 10 mg/l 45 mg/kg dw 10 mg/l 32 mg/l | Marine water Marine water sediment Soil (Agriculture) | 1 mg/l 4.5 mg/kg dw 3.02 mg/kg dw |
|--|--|---|---|
| Environment | | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| Freshwater | | ERC6a = 1.24 mg/l | 0.122 |
| | | ERC6b = 3.11 mg/l | 0.304 |

| | ERC7 = 3.11 mg/l | 0.304 |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Marine water | ERC6a = 0.124 mg/l ERC6b = 0.311 mg/l | 0.122 0.304 |
| | ERC7 = 0.311 mg/l | 0.304 |
| Freshwater sediment | ERC6a = 5.48 mg/kg dw ERC6b = 13.7 mg/kg dw ERC7 = 13.7 mg/kg dw | 0.122 0.304 0.304 |
| Marine sediment | ERC6a = 0.548 mg/kg dw ERC6b = 1.37 mg/kg dw ERC7 = 1.37 mg/kg dw | 0.122 0.304 0.304 |
| Soil | ERC6a = 0.199 mg/kg dw ERC6b = 0.485 mg/kg dw ERC7 = 0.49 mg/kg dw | 0.657 0.16 0.162 |
| Municipal STP | ERC6a = 12.4 mg/l ERC6b = 31.1 mg/l ERC7 = 31.1 mg/l | 0.388 0.976 0.97 |
| Calculation method - EUSES 2.1 | | 0.91 |

Remarks

All RCRs are less than 1, it is considered that safe use has been demonstrated. Atmospheric contamination is minimal, and as there is no indicated effects on plants or animals from the atmosphere, no PNEC/ RCR is derived.

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure Oral | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effect (local) | s Chronic effects (systemic) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Dermal Inhalation | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 32.2 mg/kg bw/day 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) |
| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted | exposure level | Risk characterization ratio |
| PROC1 - Use in closed process, no | Worker - inhalative | 0.0 | 12 mg/m³ | (RCR) <0.01 |
| likelihood of exposure | Worker - dermal | 0.343 r | ng/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous proce | ess Worker - inhalative | 12 | .0 mg/m³ | 0.179 |
| with occasional controlled exposure | Worker - dermal | 1.37 m | ng/kg bw/day | 0.043 |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process | Worker - inhalative | 29.9 mg/m³ | | 0.447 |
| (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - dermal | 0.343 r | ng/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposur | Worker - inhalative e | 24 | .0 mg/m³ | 0.357 |
| arises | Worker - dermal | 6.86 m | ng/kg bw/day | 0.214 |
| PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated | | 60 | .0 mg/m³ | 0.894 |
| facilities | Worker - dermal | 12.0 m | ng/kg bw/day | 0.429 |
| PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to | Worker - inhalative | 60 | .0 mg/m³ | 0.894 |

| vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|-------|
| | Worker - dermal | 6.86 mg/kg bw/day | 0.214 |
| PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated | Worker - inhalative | 0.855 mg/m³ | 0.013 |
| filling line, including weighing) | Worker - dermal | 6.86 mg/kg bw/day | 0.021 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model Used ECETOC TRA model Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html) Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Acetonitrile - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-05-8 | 01-2119471307-38-xxxx | 203-726-8 |

Exposure scenario

ES3 Pharmaceutical, fine chemical and active substance manufacture uses of acetonitrile - ES3-M3 ACETONITRILE

| Section 1 - Identification of the use | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Main user group | Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | | | |
| Type Processes, tasks, activities covered | Worker I Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities | | | |
| Sector(s) of use | SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | | | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | | | |
| Environmental release category(ies |) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) | | | |

| Section 2 - O | perational Conditions and Risk Management Measures |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Product characteristics | |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| pH | No information available |
| Water Solubility | Miscible |
| Vapor Pressure | 97 mbar @ 20 °C |
| Volatility | High |
| Covers concentrations up to 100 % | |

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Specific Environmental Release Category ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable Regional use tonnage 1000 t/a Annual site tonnage 500 t/a Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 1% Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.1%

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

| Emission days Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) | 200 ERC4 = 100% ERC6a = 5% |
|---|--|
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) | ERC4 = 100% ERC6a = 2% |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) | ERC4 = 5% ERC6a = 0.1% |
| Remarks | ERC defaults |
| Conditions and measures related to Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow | municipal sewage treatment plant 2000m3/d |
| Sludge treatment | Controlled application to agricultural soil. |
| Waste management Air | ERC4 = 2,500 kg/day ERC6a = 125kg/day |
| Water | ERC release factor ERC4 = 2,500 kg/day ERC6a = 50 kg/day |
| | ERC release factor |

Regional exposure levels and environmental concentrations

Regional exposure for the use has been modelled using EUSES 2.1. No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment.

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

ERC4 = 5% ERC6a = 0.1% ERC release factor

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Used in manufacturing processes which are either closed, continuous processes, or closed batch processes and in batch synthesis where some opportunity for exposure may arise. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) usually required for indoor industrial use. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Soil

| Process category(ies) | PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Amounts used | >1000 t/y |
| Exposure duration | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h |

ES3-M3 ACETONITRILE

| Use frequency Indoor/Outdoor use | 220 days per year Outdoor |
|--|--|
| Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure | <=40°C Handle substance within a closed system Use of closed transfers of liquids from storage to production equipment (e.g. metered piped or pumped additions) Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure |
| Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source toward the worker | Undertake operation under enclosed conditions |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to | PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure 100% |
| Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to | Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Outdoor <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are |
| the REACH Chemical Safety Report | well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to | PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) 100% |
| Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to | < 1 hour(s) Outdoor <=40°C |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) |
| the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to | PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100% |
| Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Outdoor <=40°C |
| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| Process category(ies) | PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities |
| Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | 100% < 1 hour(s) Outdoor |
| Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure | <=40°C Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20) Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity |
| | |

| Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor/Outdoor use Outdoor Assumes process temperature up to ca40°C Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Suge of paratice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Covers concentrations up to Low of carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor/Outdoor use Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor use Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor use Caelo°C Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training health evaluation Vear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect ag | he REACH Chemical Safety Report | Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
|--|---|---|
| Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration 100% Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Outdoor events to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Process category(ies) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training health evaluation Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent 100% Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration almost up to Exposure for more than 8h Indoor/Outdoor use 4=40°C Visit Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent 100% Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Procest category is event up to the event up to the event up to the event and the evaluation almost up to the event up to the event and the event and the evaluation almost up to the event up to the event up to the event and the event to the event and the event to the event to the event to t | | |
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| Indoor/Outdoor use Outdoor Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to Conditions and measures related to Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor use Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C | Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are | ndoor/Outdoor use | Outdoor |
| personal protection, hygiene and health evaluationchemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training health evaluationAdditional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report | | |
| Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor use Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C | personal protection, hygiene and | |
| Covers concentrations up to100%Exposure durationAvoid carrying out operation for more than 8hIndoor/Outdoor useIndoor useAssumes process temperature up to<=40°C | Additional good practice advice beyond | Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented |
| Covers concentrations up to100%Exposure durationAvoid carrying out operation for more than 8hIndoor/Outdoor useIndoor useAssumes process temperature up to<=40°C | | |
| Exposure durationAvoid carrying out operation for more than 8hIndoor/Outdoor useIndoor useAssumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation<=40°C | | |
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| Assumes process temperature up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are | | |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are | | |
| | Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and nealth evaluation Additional good practice advice beyond | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% |

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Specific Environmental Release Category - ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water Fresh water sediment Water Intermittent Microorganisms in sewage treatment | 10 mg/l 45 mg/kg dw 10 mg/l 32 mg/l | Marine water Marine water sediment Soil (Agriculture) | 1 mg/l 4.5 mg/kg dw 3.02 mg/kg dw |
|--|--|---|--|
| <u>Environment</u> Freshwater | | Predicted exposure level ERC4a = 3.21 mg/l ERC6a = 0.311 mg/l | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) 0.315 0.0305 |
| Marine water | | ERC4 = 0.321 mg/l ERC6a = 0.0311 mg/l | 0.315 0.0305 |
| Freshwater sediment | | ERC4 = 14.2 mg/kg dw ERC6a = 1.37 mg/kg dw | 0.315 0.0305 |
| Marine sediment | | ERC4 = 1.42 mg/kg dw ERC6a = 0.137 mg/kg dw | 0.315 0.0305 |

| Soil | ERC4 = 2.47 mg/kg dw ERC6a = 0.0509 mg/kg dw | 0.818 0.0168 |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Municipal STP | ERC4 = 32 mg/l ERC6a = 3.11 mg/l | 1 0.097 |
| Air | ERC4 = 0.381 mg/m ³ ERC6a = 0.0191 mg/m ³ | |
| Calculation method - EUSES 2.1 | Ŭ | |

Remarks

All RCRs are less than 1, it is considered that safe use has been demonstrated. Atmospheric contamination is minimal, and as there is no indicated effects on plants or animals from the atmosphere, no PNEC/ RCR is derived.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effect (local) | s Chronic effects (systemic) |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Oral | | | | |
| Dermal Inhalation | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 32.2 mg/kg bw/day 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) |
| | | | | |
| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted | exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure | Worker - inhalative | 0.0* | 12 mg/m³ | <0.01 |
| | Worker - dermal | 0.343 n | ng/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous proce with occasional controlled exposure | worker - inhalative | 12. | 0 mg/m³ | 0.179 |
| · | Worker - dermal | 1.37 m | g/kg bw/day | 0.043 |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - inhalative | 29. | 9 mg/m³ | 0.447 |
| (-) | Worker - dermal | 0.343 mg/kg bw/day | | 0.011 |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises | Worker - inhalative e | 24. | 0 mg/m³ | 0.357 |
| | Worker - dermal | 6.86 m | g/kg bw/day | 0.214 |
| PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities | aration (charging/discharging) from/to els/large containers at non dedicated | | 0 mg/m³ | 0.894 |
| | Worker - dermal | 12.0 m | g/kg bw/day | 0.429 |
| PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 60. | 0 mg/m³ | 0.894 |
| | Worker - dermal | 6.86 m | g/kg bw/day | 0.214 |
| PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal | | 1 mg/m³ mg/kg bw/day | 0.026 0.001 |
| | | | | |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Acetonitrile - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 75-05-8 | 01-2119471307-38-xxxx | 203-726-8 |

Exposure scenario

ES4 Repackaging of Acetonitrile - ES4-F1 ACETONITRILE

| Section 1 - Identification of the use | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Main user group | Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | | |
| Type Processes, tasks, activities covered | Worker Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities. | | |
| Sector(s) of use | SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) | | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) | | |

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

| Product characteristics | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid |
| pH | No information available |
| Water Solubility | Miscible |
| Vapor Pressure | 97 mbar @ 20 °C |
| Volatility | High |
| Covers concentrations up to 100 % | · |

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Specific Environmental Release Category ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable Annual site tonnage 5 t/a Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 1% Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 1%

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days20Release fraction to air from process (initial
release prior to RMM)2.5%Release fraction to wastewater from
process (initial release prior to RMM)2%Release fraction to soil from process (initial
release prior to RMM)0.01%RemarksERC defaults

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plantAssumed on-site sewage treatment plant2000m3/dflowSludge treatmentControlled application to agricultural soil.

Waste management

Air Water 6.25 kg/d ERC release factor 5 kg/d ERC release factor

Regional exposure levels and environmental concentrations

Regional exposure for the use has been modelled using EUSES 2.1. No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment.

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) usually required for indoor industrial use. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

| Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use | 100% < 8 hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use |
|---|---|
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure | Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the OEL or DNEL |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) adWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Specific Environmental Release Category - ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water | 10 mg/l | Marine water | 1 mg/l |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Fresh water sediment | 45 mg/kg dw | Marine water sediment | 4.5 mg/kg dw |
| Water Intermittent | 10 mg/l | Soil (Agriculture) | 3.02 mg/kg dw |
| Microorganisms in sewage | 32 mg/l | | |
| treatment | | | |
| Environment | | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| Freshwater | | 0.0311 mg/l | 3.04 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Marine water | | 3.11 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l | 3.04 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Freshwater sediment | | 0.137 mg/l | 3.04 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Marine sediment | | 0.0137 mg/l | 3.04 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Soil | | 4.86 x 10 ⁻³ mg/kg dw | 1.61 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Municipal STP | | 0.31 mg/l | 9.7 x 10 ⁻³ |
| Calculation method - EUSES | 2.1 | - | |

Remarks

All RCRs are less than 1, it is considered that safe use has been demonstrated. Atmospheric contamination is minimal, and as there is no indicated effects on plants or animals from the atmosphere, no PNEC/ RCR is derived.

<u>Health</u>

| | A suite offerste (lessel) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) | See table for values |

| Route of exposure Oral | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effects (local) | s Chronic effects (systemic) |
|---|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Dermal Inhalation | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) | 32.2 mg/kg bw/day 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³) |
| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted | exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - inhalative Without LEV | 42. | .8 mg/m³ | 0.638 |
| (synthesis of formulation) | Worker - inhalative Without LEV/with RPE | | 28 mg/m³ | 0.064 |
| | Worker - inhalative With LEV | | 5 mg/m³ | 0.128 |
| | Worker - dermal | 0.343 n | ng/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) | Worker - inhalative Without LEV | 17 | 1 mg/m³ | 2.55 |
| oonaady | Worker - inhalative Without LEV/with RPE | | 1 mg/m³ | 0.255 |
| | Worker - inhalative With LEV | | 2 mg/m³ | 0.511 |
| | Worker - dermal | 13.7 m | lg/kg bw/day | 0.429 |
| PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicate filling line, including weighing) | Worker - inhalative ed Without LEV | 17 | 1 mg/m³ | 2.55 |
| | Worker - inhalative Without LEV/with RPE | | .1 mg/m³ | 0.255 |
| | Without EE Visitin KFE Worker - inhalative With LEV | | 2 mg/m³ | 0.511 |
| | Worker - dermal | 6.86 m | ig/kg bw/day | 0.214 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

PROC 5 and 9 were found to exceed the DNEL for acute and long-term systemic effects and for acute and long-term local effects when performing tasks indoors without LEV and without respiratory protection Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model Used ECETOC TRA model Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html) Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Acetonitrile - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-05-8 | 01-2119471307-38-xxxx | 203-726-8 |
| 10 00 0 | | |

Exposure scenario

ES5 Laboratory use of Acetonitrile - ES5-L1 ACETONITRILE

| Section 1 - Identification of the use | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Main user group | Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites | | |
| Type Processes, tasks, activities covered | Worker Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice versa. | | |
| Sector(s) of use | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU24 - Scientific research and development | | |
| Process category(ies) | PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | | |

Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures Product characteristics Example Physical State Liquid pH No information available Water Solubility Miscible Vapor Pressure 97 mbar @ 20 °C Volatility High Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Specific Environmental Release Category

ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable Annual site tonnage 2000 t/a Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 1% Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.0005%

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days365Release fraction to air from process (initial50%

release prior to RMM) Release fraction to wastewater from 50% process (initial release prior to RMM)

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

| Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow | 2000m3/d |
|---|--|
| Sludge treatment | Controlled application to agricultural soil. |
| Waste management | |
| Air Water | 1.37 kg/day ERC release factor 1.37 kg/day ERC release factor |
| Soil | 0.00 kg/d ERC release factor |

Regional exposure levels and environmental concentrations

Regional exposure for the use has been modelled using EUSES 2.1. No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment.

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) usually required for indoor industrial use. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

| Covers concentrations up to | 100% |
|---|---|
| Exposure duration | < 8 hour(s) |
| Indoor/Outdoor use | Indoor use |
| Assumes process temperature up to | <=40°C |
| Technical conditions and measures to | Handle in an enclosing hood with exhaust ventilation |
| control dispersion from source towards | 3 |
| the worker | |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training |
| health evaluation | |
| Additional good practice advice beyon the REACH Chemical Safety Report | dWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Specific Environmental Release Category - ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water Fresh water sediment Water Intermittent Microorganisms in sewage treatment | 10 mg/l 45 mg/kg dw 10 mg/l 32 mg/l | Marine water Marine water sedimer Soil (Agriculture) | 1 mg/l 4.5 mg/kg dw 3.02 mg/kg dw |
|--|--|--|---|
| Environment | | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |

ES5 Laboratory use of Acetonitrile

Revision Date 24-May-2019

| Freshwater | 0.0112 mg/l | 1.1 x10 ⁻³ |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Marine water | 1.1 x10 ⁻³ mg/l | 1.09 x10 ⁻³ |
| Freshwater sediment | 0.0107 mg/kg dw | 1.09 x10 ⁻³ |
| Marine sediment | 1.06 x10 ⁻³ mg/kg dw | 1.09 x10 ⁻³ |
| Soil | 1.35 x10 ⁻³ mg/kg dw | 5.06 x10 ⁻⁴ |
| Municipal STP Air Calculation method - EUSES 2.1 | 0.0851 mg/l 0.0381 mg/m³ | 2.66 x10 ^{⋅3} |

Remarks

All RCRs are less than 1, it is considered that safe use has been demonstrated. Atmospheric contamination is minimal, and as there is no indicated effects on plants or animals from the atmosphere, no PNEC/ RCR is derived.

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m | | 32.2 mg/kg bw/day 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|----------------------|--|--|
| (68 mg/m | 1 ³) (68 mg/m ³) | 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³) Risk characterization ratio |
| (68 mg/m | 1 ³) (68 mg/m ³) | (68 mg/m³) Risk characterization ratio |
| | | Risk characterization ratio |
| oute Pre | edicted exposure level | |
| | | |
| lative V | 42.8 mg/m ³ | 0.638 |
| lative | 8.55 mg/m ³ | 0.128 |
| mal | 0.343 mg/kg bw/day | 0.011 |
| lative V | 1.71 mg/m³ | 0.255 |
| lative | 3.42 mg/m ³ | 0.051 |
| 1 | | 0.011 |
| | V ative | Ative 3.42 mg/m ³ |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model Used ECETOC TRA model Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html) Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users